Year 3 Spring 1

KIRF – I know the 4 and 8 times tables (x and ÷)

A times table is a list of multiples of the given number. They are very important for many calculations. This half term, the children will be learning their 4 and 8 times tables, including the division facts.   The aim is for instant recall of these facts.

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions e.g.   8x ? = 16 or   ? ÷ 8 = 7

Questions to ask at home

What is 4 **multiplied by** 9?

What is 6 **times** 4?

What is 24 **divided by** 8?

4 x 1 = 4	1 x 4 = 4	4 ÷ 4 = 1	4 ÷ 1 = 4
4 x 2 = 8	2 x 4 = 8	8 ÷ 4 = 2	8 ÷ 2 = 4
4 x 3 = 12	3 x 4 = 12	12 ÷ 4 = 3	12 ÷ 3 = 4
4 x 4 = 16	4 x 4 = 16	16 ÷ 4 = 4	16 ÷ 4 = 4
4 x 5 = 20	5 x 4 = 20	20 ÷ 4 = 5	20 ÷ 5 = 4
4 x 6 = 24	6 x 4 = 24	24 ÷ 4 = 6	24 ÷ 6 = 4
4 x 7 = 28	7 x 4 = 28	28 ÷ 4 = 7	28 ÷ 7 = 4
4 x 8 = 32	8 x 4 = 32	32 ÷ 4 = 8	32 ÷ 8 = 4
4 x 9 = 36	9 x 4 = 36	36 ÷ 4 = 9	36 ÷ 9 = 4
4 x 10 = 40	10 x 4 = 40	40 ÷ 4 = 10	40 ÷ 10 = 4
4 x 11 = 44	11 x 4 = 44	44 ÷ 4 = 11	44 ÷ 11 = 4
4 x 12 = 48	12 x 4 = 48	48 ÷ 4 = 12	48 ÷ 12 = 4

8 x 1 = 8	1 x 8 = 8	8 ÷ 8 = 1	8 ÷ 1 = 8
8 x 2 = 16	2 x 8 = 16	16 ÷ 8 = 2	16 ÷ 2 = 8
8 x 3 = 24	3 x 8 = 24	24 ÷ 8 = 3	24 ÷ 3 = 8
8 x 4 = 32	4 x 8 = 32	32 ÷ 8 = 4	32 ÷ 4 = 8
8 x 5 = 40	5 x 8 = 40	40 ÷ 8 = 5	40 ÷ 5 = 8
8 x 6 = 48	6 x 8 = 48	48 ÷ 8 = 6	48 ÷ 6 = 8
8 x 7 = 56	7 x 8 = 56	56 ÷ 8 = 7	56 ÷ 7 = 8
8 x 8 = 64	8 x 8 = 64	64 ÷ 8 = 8	64 ÷ 8 = 8
8 x 9 = 72	9 x 8 = 72	72 ÷ 8 = 9	72 ÷ 9 = 8
8 x 10 = 80	10 x 8 = 80	80 ÷ 8 = 10	80 ÷ 10 = 8
8 x 11 = 88	11 x 8 = 88	88 ÷ 8 = 11	88 ÷ 11 = 8
8 x 12 = 96	12 x 8 = 96	96 ÷ 8 = 12	96 ÷ 12 = 8

Key vocabulary

4 **multiplied by** 8 is **equal to** 32

 8 **times** 5 and 5 **times** 8 are **equivalent**

32 **shared by** 4 is **equal to** 8

72 **divided by** 8 equals 9

Things to try:

*Remember to use Times Table Rockstars as much as possible

Double and double again – Multiplying a number by 4 is the same as doubling and doubling again.

Double 6 is 12 and double 12 is 24, so 6 x 4 = 24.

Buy one get three free – If your child knows one fact (e.g. 12 x 4 = 48), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?

Double your fours – Multiplying a number by 8 is the same as multiply by 4 and then doubling the answer.

3 x 4 = 12 and double 12 is 24, so 3 x 8 = 24.

Five six seven eight – fifty-six is seven times eight (56 = 7 x 8)

I ate and ate until I was sick on the floor – eight times eight is sixty-four (8 x 8 = 64)

Top Tips The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You do not need to practise them all at once; perhaps you could have a fact of the day.